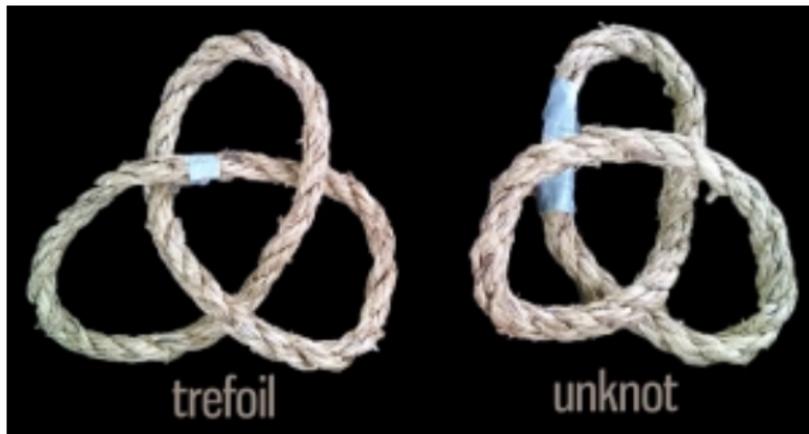
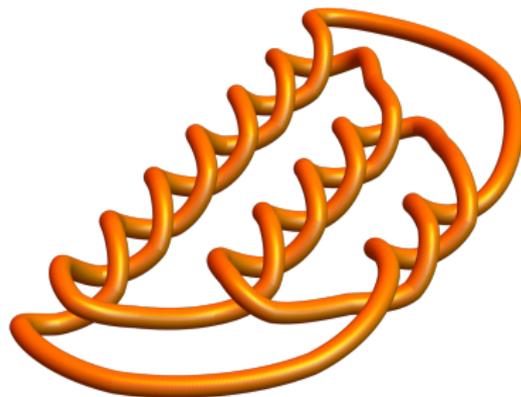
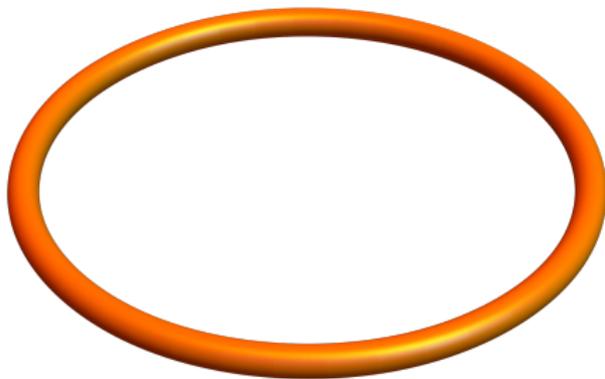


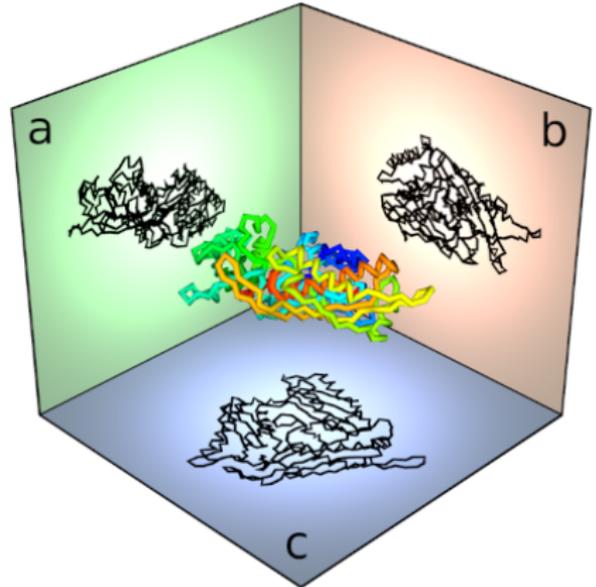
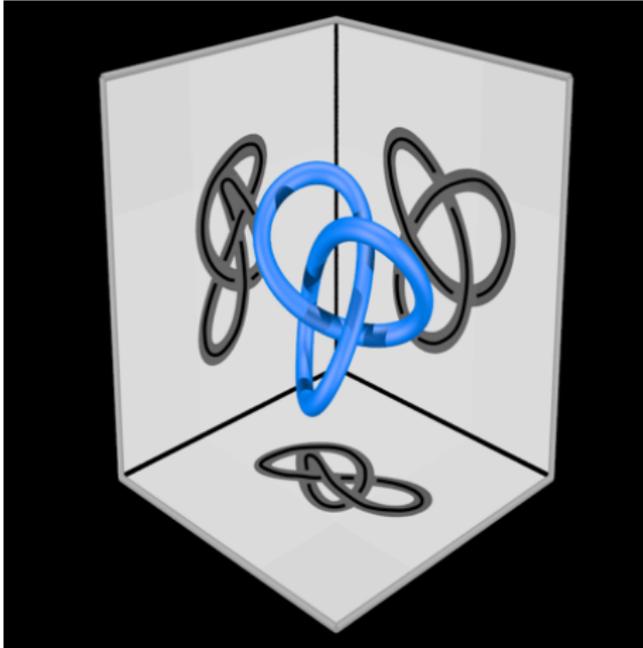
What is...the Reidemeister theorem?

Or: Knotting stings in 2d

A knot is a string in three-space

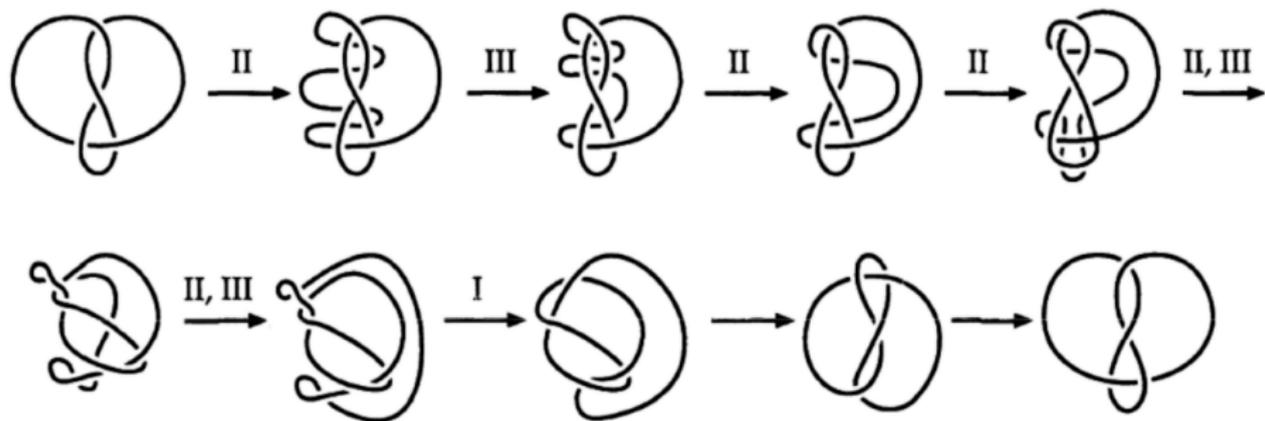
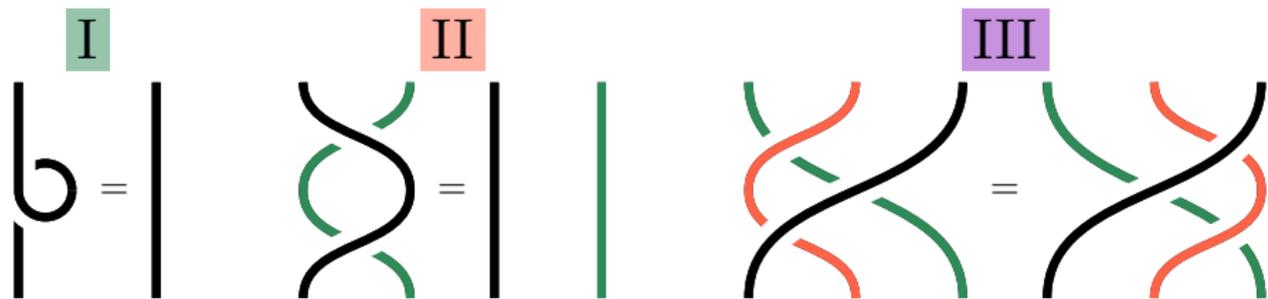


A 2d shadow



Projections (called knot/link diagrams) are handy, but might vary drastically

Easy operations on diagrams – the Reidemeister moves **I**, **II** and **III**

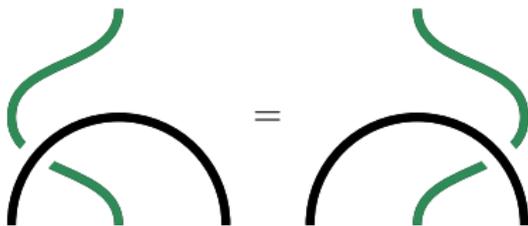


Enter, the theorem!

Two knot/link diagrams represent the same knot/link if and only if there is a finite number of Reidemeister **I**, **II** and **III** moves transforming one into the other.

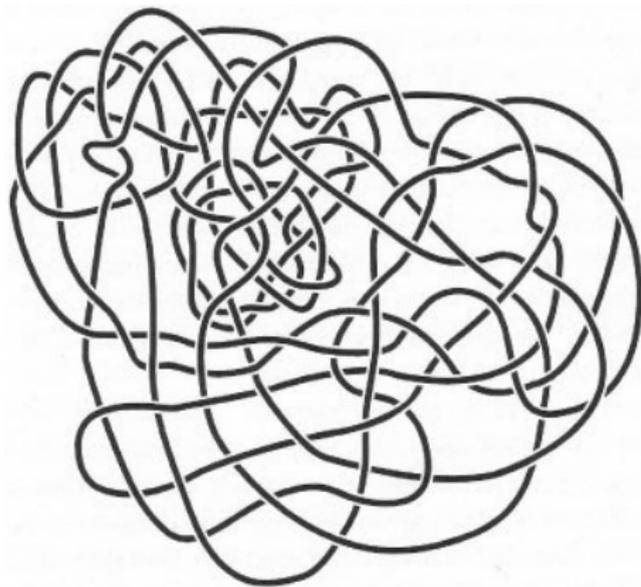
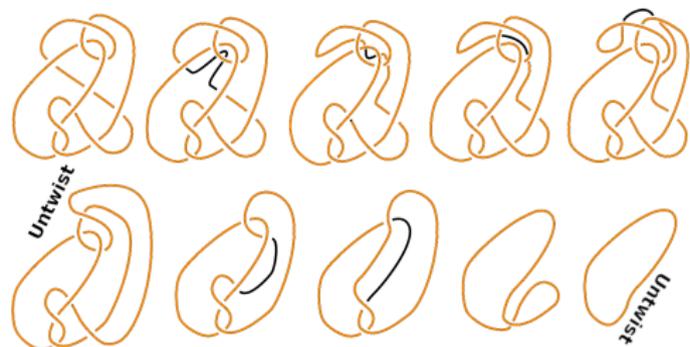
Amazing: **All** isotopies follow from those three moves **only**

Strictly speaking one should include plain isotopies such as



into the Reidemeister moves...

The culprit and Wolfgang Haken's Gordian knot



These demon knots are **not** knotted! Homework: do the unknotting Reidemeister moves for the beast...

Thank you for your attention!

I hope that was helpful.