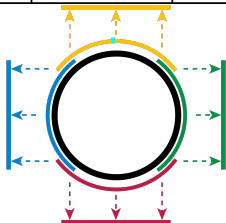
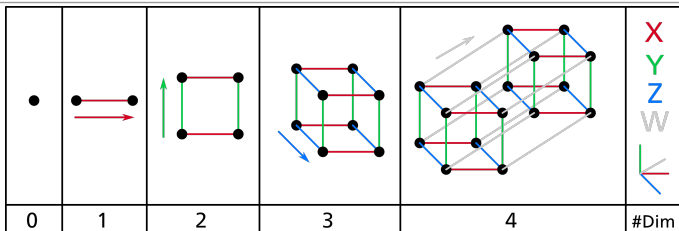


What is...the dimension of a variety?

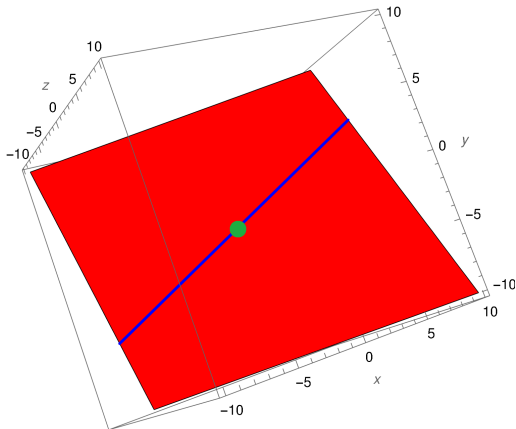
Or: A space in a space in a space...

Dimension in general



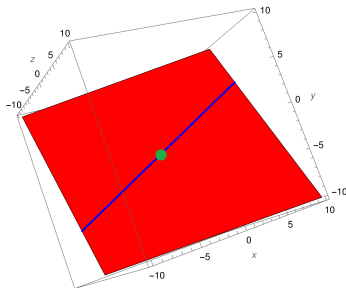
- ▶ **Dimension** = measurement of “size” of a thing
- ▶ The precise definition varies **depending** on the problem
- ▶ **Today** Dimension for varieties (over arbitrary fields)

Nested spaces



- ▶ Nesting strategy = Put a point in a line in a plane in ...
- ▶ The space \mathbb{R}^3 is then 3d since it contains maximally three smaller objects
- ▶ Why is that good? Makes intuitively sense and is field independent

An algebra version



- **Krull dimension** = maximal length of chains of prime ideals in an algebra A :

$$I_0 \subsetneq I_1 \subsetneq \dots \subsetneq I_n = A$$

- **Example** The above is the variety version of the coordinate ring inclusions:

$$(0) \subset (x) \subset (x, y) \subset (x, y, z) = \mathbb{R}[x, y, z]$$

- This is **very similar** to the notion from the previous slide

For completeness: A formal statement

On the variety side for $V \neq \emptyset$:

- ▶ Consider chains of closed irreducible subvarieties $\neq \emptyset$:

$$V_0 \subsetneq V_1 \subsetneq \dots \subsetneq V_n = V$$

- ▶ Then $\dim V = \sup\{\text{length of all such chains}\} \in \mathbb{N} \cup \{\infty\}$

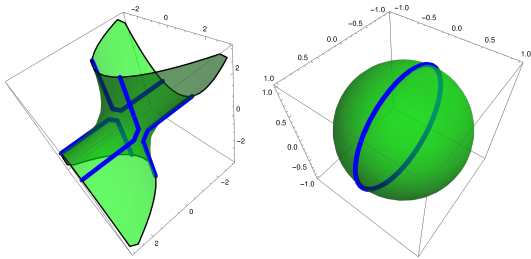
On the algebra side for $A \neq \emptyset$:

- ▷ Consider chains of prime ideals $\neq \emptyset$:

$$I_0 \subsetneq I_1 \subsetneq \dots \subsetneq I_n = A$$

- ▷ Then $\dim A = \sup\{\text{length of all such chains}\} \in \mathbb{N} \cup \{\infty\}$

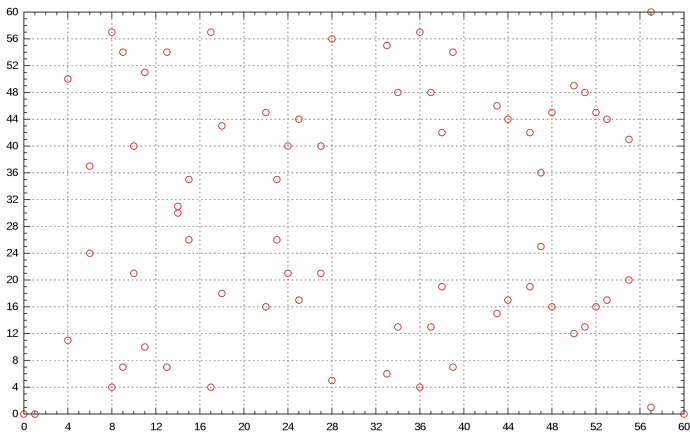
These agree $\dim V = \dim \mathbb{K}[V]$



Pure dimensional spaces

$$y^2 = x^3 - x$$

over \mathbb{F}_{61} :



- ▶ V is of pure dimension n if every irreducible component is of dimension n
- ▶ Examples Curves are pure 1d, surfaces are pure 2d
- ▶ Careful This depends on \mathbb{K} , e.g. a complex curve is of real dimension two

Thank you for your attention!

I hope that was of some help.