

**What is...an affine space?**

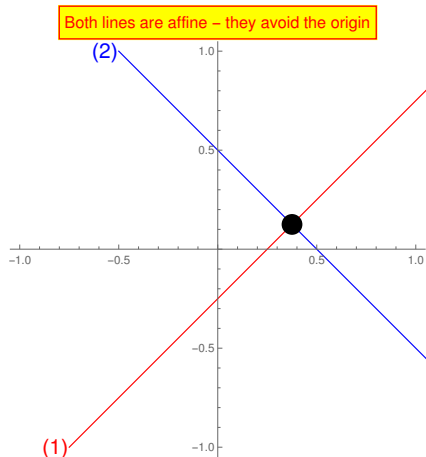
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Or: I lost my origin.

## The intersection of affine lines

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$$\begin{cases} x - y = 1/4 & (1) \\ x + y = -1/2 & (2) \end{cases}$$

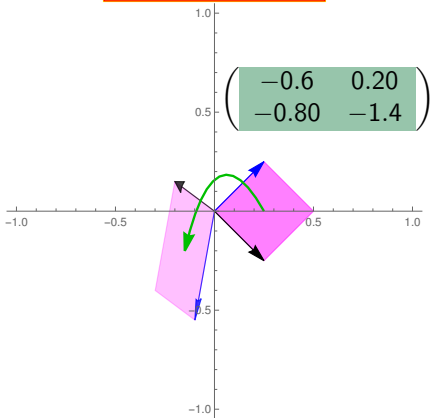


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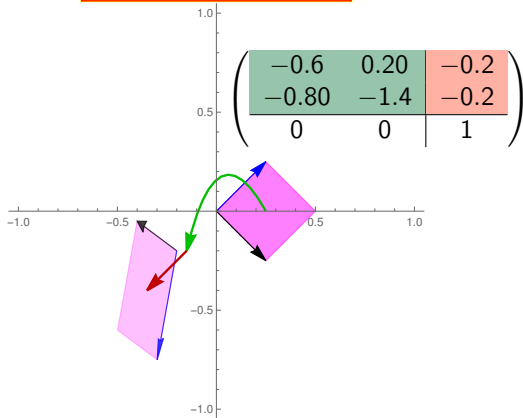
Affine spaces are the ingredients for systems of linear equations

## Affine maps translate

A linear map keeps the origin



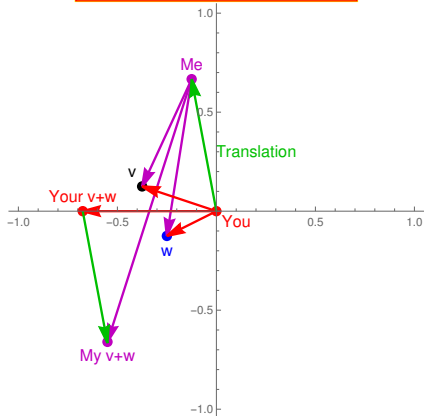
An affine map might move the origin



Affine maps “=” linear maps plus translation

## Different origins

Different viewpoints – different results



Different perspectives are related by translation

## For completeness: A formal definition.

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An affine space  $A$  over a field  $\mathbb{K}$  is a set together with a vector space  $V$ , and a free, transitive action of the additive group of  $V$  on  $A$ . Explicitly, there exists a map

$$+ : A \times V \rightarrow A, (a, v) \mapsto a + v$$

such that:

(a)  $a + 0 = a$  Identity

(b)  $(a + v) + w = a + (v + w)$  Associativity

(c) The map  $v \mapsto a + v$  is a bijection  $V \rightarrow A$  for all  $a \in A$  free, transitive

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Affine maps are the the correct notion of maps between affine spaces:

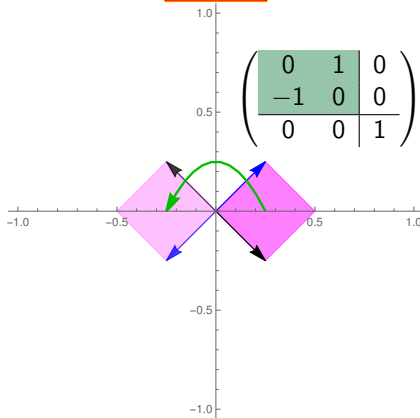
$$\text{affine map: } f(a + v) = f(a) + f(v)$$

## Matrices for affine maps

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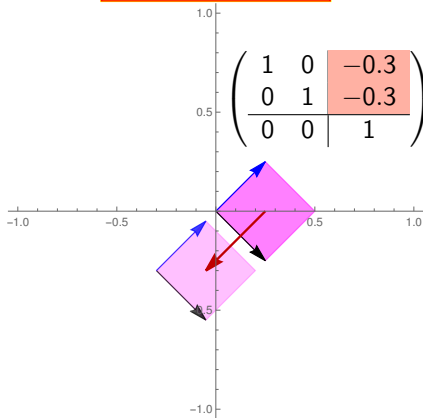
Purely linear

$$\left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right)$$



Purely affine, a.k.a. translation

$$\left( \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 0 & -0.3 \\ 0 & 1 & -0.3 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right)$$



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The point of this notation is that composition is matrix multiplication

**Thank you for your attention!**

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I hope that was of some help.