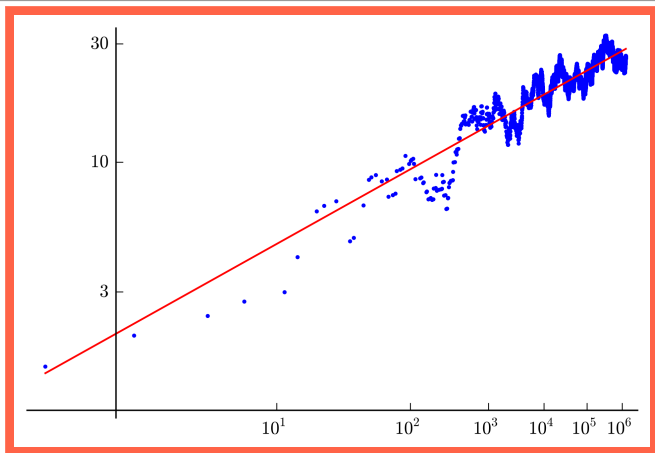


**What is...machine learning in mathematics - part 9?**

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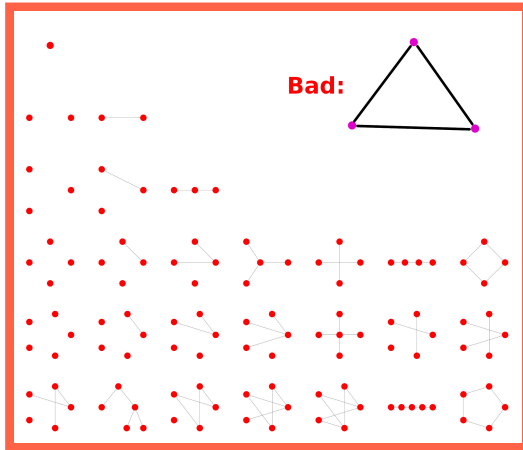
Or: Example creation

## Examples, please!



- ▶ Above The Birch–Swinnerton-Dyer conjecture was discovered via examples
- ▶ Examples are a crucial part of mathematics and life itself
- ▶ Idea AI should be able to generate examples!

# Extremal graph theory

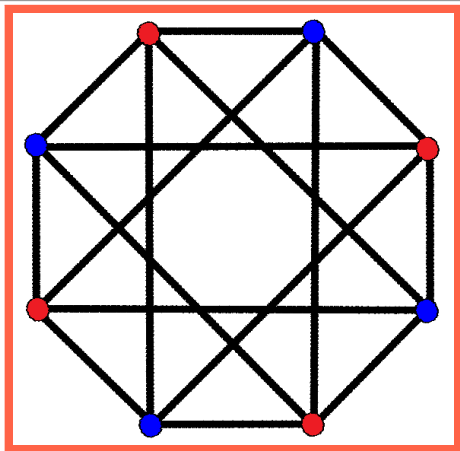


▶ Triangle = see above

▶ Triangle free = no three vertices form a triangle

▶ Question What is the maximal number of edges in a graph on  $n$  vertices with no triangles?

## Examples needed!



- ▶ Mantel's theorem The maximal number of edges of a triangle free graph with  $n$  vertices is

$$\lfloor n^2/4 \rfloor$$

- ▶ The extremal graph in this case the complete bipartite graph  $K_{n/2, n/2}$  (above)

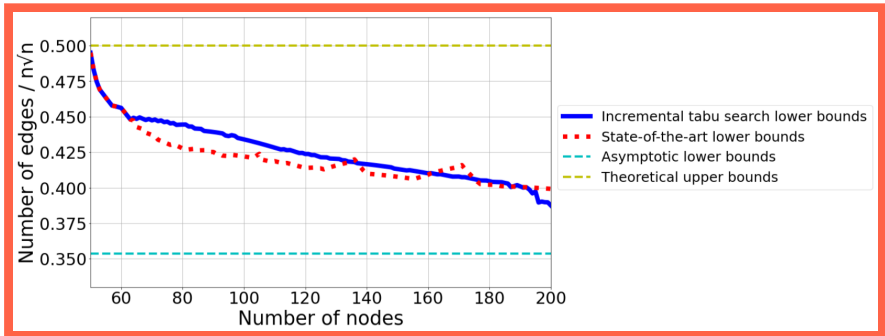
## Enter, the theorem

A neural network (NN) found (nearly) extremal graphs

avoiding triangles (t) and squares (s) for  $n = 60, \dots, 200$  vertices

They also found  $f(n)$  = maximal number of edges of a  $n$  vertex graph avoiding t and s

- ▶ They used a beefed-up version of a **graph NN** and reinforcement learning
- ▶ It was known that  $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \leq \frac{f(n)}{n\sqrt{n}} \leq \frac{1}{2}$  and they improved the known bounds



## Here are a few examples 😊

Table 1: The values of  $f(n)$  for  $n = 1, 2, \dots, 9$ .

$n$	$f(n)$	all $n$ -node feasible graphs with $f(n)$ edges
1	0	
2	1	
3	2	
4	3	
5	5	
6	6	
7	8	
8	10	
9	12	

- ▶ Note to myself: show examples 😊
- ▶ Above Values for  $n$ ,  $f(n)$  and extremal graphs
- ▶ Observation There is some pattern but its not obvious – perfect for a NN

**Thank you for your attention!**

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I hope that was of some help.